



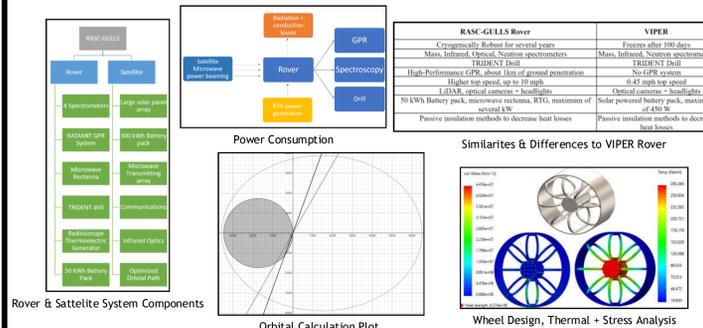
NASA 2024 RASC-AL Competition: Large-Scale Lunar Propsector

Project Overview

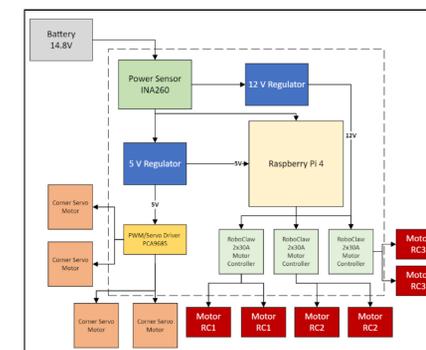
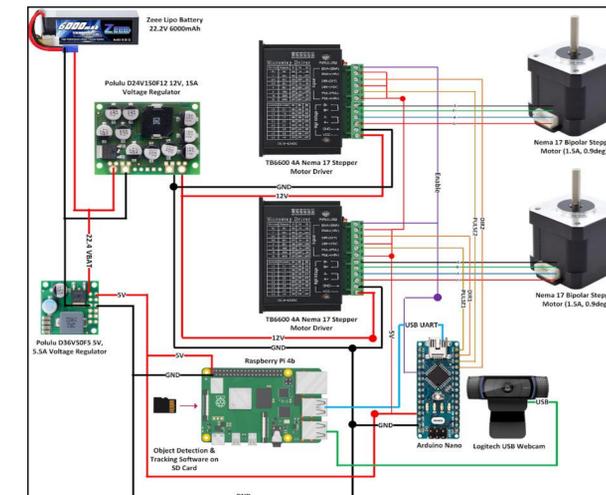
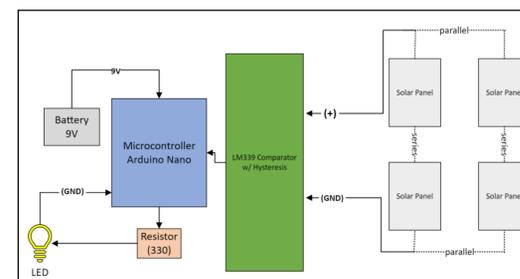
As competitors in the 2024 NASA RASC-AL competition, our mission was to develop a systems engineering concept enabling a lunar rover to operate in the perpetually dark and extremely cold conditions in craters on the lunar south pole. We chose to overcome this challenge by providing the rover with enough on-board power generation to sustain itself, and using a support satellite to beam additional power via microwave radiation during power-intensive prospecting tasks.

To demonstrate the concept of power beaming visually, we constructed a two-axis track-and-aim system featuring a gimbal mounted atop a tower, which tracks a scaled-down rover via RGB indicators and fires a laser onto a solar panel atop the rover. The project involved comprehensive integration of hardware, firmware, and software subsystems. Together, our collaborative efforts aimed to push the boundaries of lunar exploration technology, exploring methods to facilitate sustainable manned lunar missions in the future.

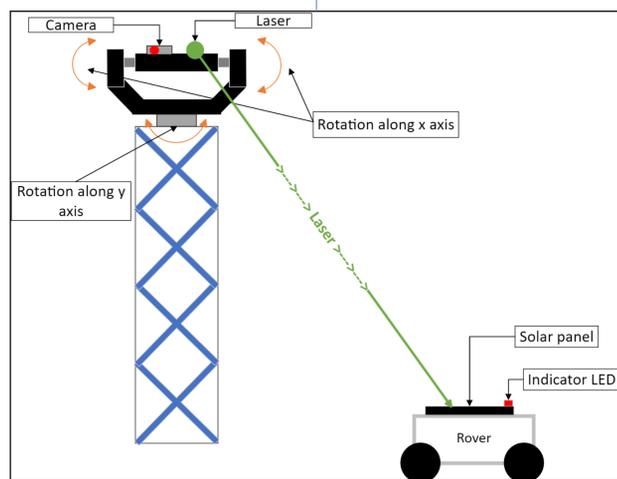
CETYS Universidad: System Concept



Block Diagrams



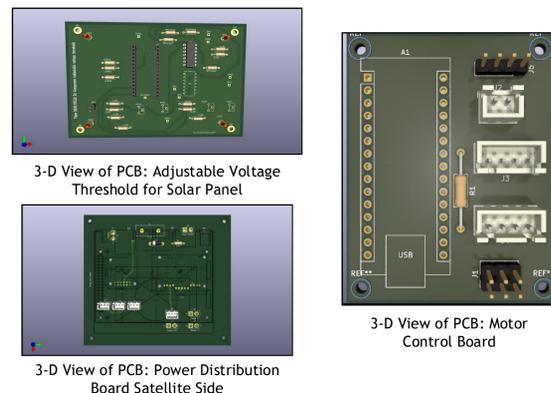
System Diagram



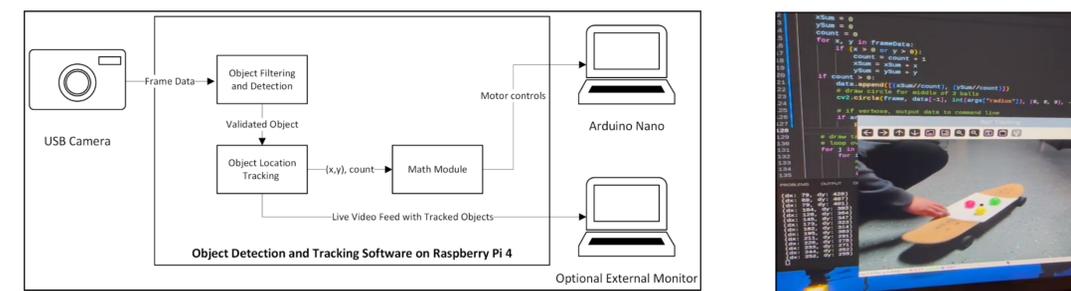
Team RASC-GULLS: CETYS



PCB Designs



Object Detection & Tracking Software



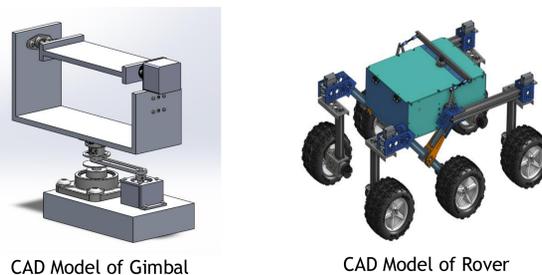
Key Technologies

- Developed:**
- Object Detection & Feedback Control via R-G-B pattern
 - Laser Contact Observation System with Adjustable Threshold Voltage (Comparator with Hysteresis)
 - Gimbal Control Software
- Procured:**
- JPL Open-Source Rover
 - Microprocessors: Arduino Nano, Raspberry Pi4
 - Gimbal Motor Drivers: TB6600 Nema 17 Stepper Motor
 - Camera: Logitech USB Webcam

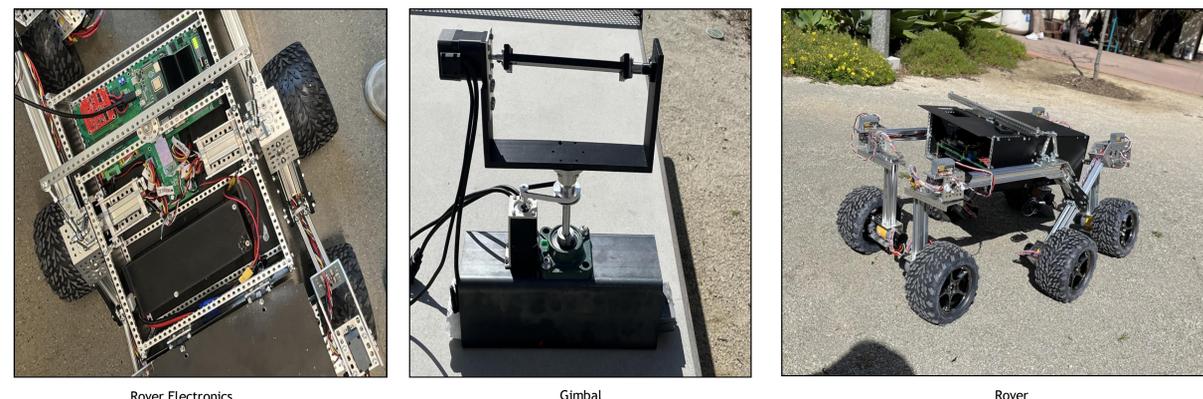
Design Architecture

- **Tracking Gimbal:** A two-axis system driven by two stepper motors with an attached camera for tracking the solar panel through a fixed RGB pattern, and an attached laser to fire upon the solar panel receiver once it has been acquired.
- **Receiving panel:** Adjustable voltage threshold control that weaves out ambient lighting to focus on the lighting provided by the laser, this is to be attached to the top of the rover.
- **Rover:** Independent system that is able to transverse through versatile terrain to mimic exploration tasks.

CAD



Finished Project



Acknowledgements

We would like to thank the following for the support and contributions for the development of our subsystems: Dr. Scott Shaffar, Professor Barry Dorr, Oscar Correa and SSF, Professor Roberto Salas and the CETYS team!

Team RASC-GULLS: SDSU

